DOES GENDER IMPACT ENERGY POVERTY?

JUSTEM looks into the Greek regions of Western Macedonia and Arcadia for some answers. Read the detailed report (with sources) here.

16% High expenditure
Greece is among the EU countries where utility bills take up a higher share of income, meaning that those with lower income are more prone to be energy poor.

14.4% Unemployed women
Despite most women being of working age, female unemployment is high, evidencing a problem of social and racial inequality.

5% Unemployment gender gap
In both regions, women are more affected than men.

Gender inequality is growing
Economic growth is not inclusive and its benefits are not distributed equally between genders.

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