

National schemes for energy efficiency in SMEs

Deliverable 3.6 Investments analysis according to the Multiple Benefits approach

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About

Improving energy efficiency is the most cost-effective way to reduce energy-related emissions, improve economic competitiveness and increase energy security. In the European Union, several pieces of legislation aim at guiding states and companies, regardless of their size, on ways to improve their energy efficiency: one of them is the Energy Efficiency Directive (EED), establishing a common framework of measures and requirements with the goal to remove market barriers and promote a more efficient use of energy in supply and demand. Article 8 of the Directive offers ways to achieve this, requiring Member States to promote and facilitate the implementation of energy audits and energy management systems. The audits are compulsory for large companies and recommended for small and medium enterprises (SMEs). National Authorities (NA) should encourage both to implement the resulting recommendations.

Member States have all chosen different approaches to transpose the requirements into national laws and to support companies (trainings, websites, helplines and funding support schemes). SMEs have less workforce, technical and financial capacity to perform energy audits, and therefore rarely do so: it is Key to make them aware of the multiple benefits that can derive from improving their energy efficiency and to accompany them in the energy transition, with knowledge and funding from both the public and private sectors. This is the aim of DEESME, a Horizon 2020-funded project (September 2020 – September 2023).

DEESME enables companies, especially SMEs to manage the energy transition by taking profit of multiple benefits from energy management and audit approaches and provides national authorities with guidelines and recommendations to empower their schemes under article 8, using the multiple benefits' approach.

The project identifies and shares good practices from national schemes, EU projects, and other initiatives with national authorities and supports them in developing more effective schemes dealing with energy audits and energy management systems. It assists SMEs to develop and test the technical DEESME solutions by organizing information and training initiatives, realizing energy audits, and implementing EMSs starting from international standard and adding the multiple benefits energy efficiency approach.

The project is built on a consortium of academics, research organizations, consultancies and government offices from Belgium, Bulgaria, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands and Poland, namely: IEECP (NL, coordinator), FIRE (IT), SOGESCA (IT), Fraunhofer ISI (DE), CLEOPA (DE), SEDA (BG), ECQ (BG), KAPE (PL), EEIP (BE).

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Abbreviations

EU EED - EU Energy Efficiency Directive 2012/27/EU EMS – Energy Management System NA - National Authorities SME – Small and Medium-sized Enterprises MB – Multiple Benefits (to be intended with the same meaning as NEB) NEB - Non-Energy-Benefits (to be intended with the same meaning as MB) WP – Work Package



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1. Introduction to the investments analysis according to the Multiple benefits approach

WP3 "Enabling companies to take profit of multiple benefits and energy management approach" includes tasks aimed at:

Raising awareness among companies of direct relations between energy efficiency and its multiple benefits

Showing to companies how to take profit of energy efficiency by assessing and managing the integrated aspects according to multiple benefits approach

Developing several working models such case histories, templates, methods, energy management procedures (see the WP3 deliverables) to allow the involvement of as many companies as possible in national schemes after the project

Obtaining at least case studies of energy audits and energy management system based on ISO 50001 and multiple benefits' approach, in each country during the project, and energy efficiency low costs and management solutions.

The project foresees that, in the framework of the energy audit conclusions and of the energy management systems (ISO 50001), energy investments shall be encouraged on the basis of the analysis based on the multiple benefits' approach.

The purpose is to enhance the uptake of the recommended energy efficiency measures as it is well known that, even if obliged to carry out an energy audit, the companies (the large ones and obliged SMEs in some schemes) don't invest accordingly as expected.

Focusing on MB together with companies, the DEESME project aims to clarify whether the wider approach of the audit and the management system are helpful to trigger some investments or low-cost solutions.

The present document illustrates the tool developed by PP SOGESCA, T3.4 leader, for the investments analysis according to the MB approach and the results of its implementation in some of the target companies in pilot countries where the energy audits were conducted in the framework of WP3, T.3.2.

This document contains in Chapter 2 a detailed description of the xls spreadsheet created to analyze energy efficiency investments including an economic evaluation of their associated MB, when feasible. Chapter 3 illustrates the xls spreadsheet completed for the specific case of the installation of an energy efficient heat pump for winter and summer conditioning in an Italian SME that produces and prints flexible, integral and rigid polyurethanes. The Appendix reports some examples of the main outcomes of the investment analysis tool application by PPs to case studies in Italy, Bulgaria, Poland and Germany.



It is expected that the information to complete the evaluation is gathered during the audit by energy auditors and analyzed together with the companies representatives involved in the audit activities.



2. The DEESME investments analysis tool to analyze investments according to the Multiple benefits approach – general description

The xls spreadsheet, created to analyze investments according to the MB approach, is made up of 6 sheets:

- 1. Cover (illustrating the analysis main results)
- 2. Introduction
- 3. Specifications
- 4. Economic analysis
- 5. MB
- 6. MBs quantification

The color coding supports the compilation of the "01.Introduction", 02.Specifications" and "03.Economic Analysis" sheets showing which part of the spreadsheet needs to be completed by the auditor/company, which part contains the instruction and finally also give some examples to support the implementation of the tool. Sheet 04.MBs does also contain indications for its compilation.

It is important to notice that the xls tool allows the analysis of one investment only. In case of more energy efficiency investments a new spreadsheet should be completed.

2.1. Cover

The "00.Cover" sheet consists of six main parts.

The first part is a graphic presentation and contains the tool name "Investments analysis according to the Multiple Benefit Approach" and the project logo. This first part is fixed and does not require any input.

The second part reports the name of the company and the type of energy efficiency investment analyzed as reported in sheet "01.Introduction" cells C23 and C27.

The third part contains the main results of the "03.Economic Analysis" sheets cells J196 to J201 for the results without taking into consideration the MBs associated with analyzed investments and cells J243 to J248 for the results taking into consideration the MBs.

The fourth part does report the MBs associated with the analyzed investments that have been selected in the "03. Economic Analysis" from the lists contained in rows 84 to 96 and the expected annual savings as obtained in cells H92, K92, N92, H104, K104 of the "03.Economic analysis" sheet.

The fifth part of the Cover sheet is a graphic presentation of the impact of the identified MBs on Costs, Value Proposition and Risks and does not require any input.

The sixth part of the Cover sheet reports the MBs associated with the analyzed investments that have been selected in the "04MB" sheet from the lists contained in rows 13 to 35 of columns G, H and J.



2.2. Introduction

The "01.Introduction" sheet consists of three main parts.

The Introduction sheet of the xls tool is divided in three parts and has an introductory infographic which supports in the compilation of the information. The infographic of the sheet "Introduction" is reported in Figure 1 below.



Figure 1: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Introduction

Being an introductory sheet the compilation is straightforward.

In rows 23 to 28 the main data regarding the company and the analyzed investment should be completed. Rows 30 to 35, part two, should be completed naming the incentives that might be used to support the investment, if any. The last part is at the disposal of the person completing the analysis for any notes.

2.3. Specifications

The "03.Specifications" sheet consists in one single block of rows (rows 22 to 34) that should be completed with the technical specifications of the analyzed energy efficiency investment

The infographic and the color coding supports the compilation of the "03.Specifications" sheet showing which part of the spreadsheet needs to be completed by the auditor/company, which part contains the instruction and finally also gives some examples to support the implementation of the tool in columns E to G.

The infographic and an example of the information required in the sheet "03.Specifications" are reported in Figure 2 below.



Energy efficiency investment - Multiple benefits approach THIS SPREADSHEET ALLOWS THE ANALYSIS OF ONLY ONE TYPE OF INVESTMENT/PROJECT



Figure 2: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Specifications

2.4. Economic Analysis

The "04.Economic Analysis" sheet is the core of the investment analysis tool as it contains all the formulas to calculate the main economic results of the energy efficiency investment both with and without taking MBs into consideration.

The infographic and the color coding supports the compilation of the information required in the sheet "Economic Analysis" are reported in Figure 3 below.



The "04.Economic Analysis" sheet consists of 15 parts as follows:

1. Description of the proposed investment

DEESME D3.6 - Investments analysis according to the Multiple Benefits approach



Rows 31 to 33 requires to insert a brief the description of the proposed intervention

2. Cost centers

In row 36 the costs centers affected by the intervention should be selected by ticking the appropriate box (cells D36: process, I36: auxiliary services, N36: general services/other)

3. Category centers

In row 39 and 40 there are the categories affected by the intervention and these should be selected by ticking the appropriate box (cells D39: hardware, D40: maintenance I39: software, I40: precedures/behaviour change, N39: energy management, N40: others)

4.Production / output

In order to "normalize" saving to the level of production (t, liters, cm, sqm,etc)/other parameter, cell C43 shall be completed by explaining what product / output has been used while values for production/other parameters before and after the investment shall be input in rows 35 (before intervention) and 46 (after intervention). Cells E45 and E46 should specify the unit while data should be reported with monthly values in rows 45 and 46 columns F to Q.

In row 39 and 40 there are the categories affected by the intervention and these should be selected by ticking the appropriate box (cells D39: hardware, D40: maintenance I39: software, I40: procedures/behavior change, N39: energy management, N40: others)

Rows 48 to 63 report a graphical representation of the input data regarding production.

5. Energy carriers and other costs and incentives

Rows 65 and 66 should be completed respectively with an indication of the current costs of energy vectors, other costs and incentives and their expected annual variation (positive or negative) in percentage. Cells H65 and H66 for electricity, K65 and K66 for gas, N65 and N66 for other energy vectors.

6. Energy carriers savings

Expected annual consumption before and after the investment for each energy vector should be indicated in cells H71 and H72 for electricity, K71 and K72 for gas and N71 and N72 for other energy carriers. Specific consumption is calculated automatically by formulas that divide the consumption by the total production data before and after intervention contained in cells N49 and N50. Formulas are visible by clicking on the cells H73 to H79 for electricity, K73 to K79 for gas and N73 to N79 for other energy vectors. The specific consumption difference is calculated in cells H75(=H73-H74), K75 (=K73-K74) and N75(=N73-N74).

7. Multiple Benefits - MBs

In this part annual expenditure before and after the investment for up to 6 benefits are reported. Specific expenditure is calculated automatically by formulas that divide the consumption by the production data before and after intervention contained in cells N49 and N50. Cells H84 and H86, K84 and K86 and N84 and N86 contain a drop down menu which allows to select the MBs from the list reported in sheet "04.MB". The difference in cells H91 and H103, K91 and K103 and N91



and N103 is calculated by subtracting the MBs indicators before and after the energy efficiency investment. The savings in cells H92, K104, and N92 and K104 and N92 and N104 are the results of multiplying the difference by the total production after the intervention (cell N50). The saving is also calculated in percentage in cells H93, H105, K93, K105, N93, N105, by dividing the saving by the total expenditure before the intervention.

8. Expenditure

In this part a value with negative sign should be inserted for each component of the investment each row is a specific cost (material, design, etc.) and must be inserted for the number of years it will be supposed to occur

9. Revenues

Detailed economic results are reported here taken from sections 6 and 7 above.

10. Cash Flow

Detailed economic results without MBs are shown here. Row 158 reports the total revenues from section 9 (without including MBs) for each year while row 159 reports the total cost from section 8. Yearly cash flow in row 160 is obtained by subtracting cells in row 159 from cells in row 158. Row 161 is the cumulative cashflow obtained from summing the annual cashflows in row 160. Row 162 contains the discounted cashflow which is obtained with the discount formula (1/(1+discount rate)^year). The chosen discount rate is fixed in cell E166 and can vary according to the choice of discount rate that should be made by the energy auditor together with the company. Years are in row 157. Row 162 contains the cumulative discounted cashflow which is obtained obtained from summing the annual discounted cashflows in row 161.

11. Economic analysis results

This part of the xls tool simply reports a summary of the results obtained in section 10 illustrated above. In addition the cost of saved energy is calculated in cell J201with the following formula $(J196*E166/(1-(1+E166)^{-J202}))/(H78+K78+N78)$ where J196 is the investment cost, E166 is the interest rate, while H78, K78 and N78 represent the savings as calculated in section expressed in toe/year. J202 should be input as the expected life time of the investment.

12. Cash Flow

Detailed economic results WITH MBs are shown here and calculated with the same procedure illustrated in section 10 for economic results calculation without MBs.

13. Economic analysis results - summarized economic results WITH MBs are reported here

This part of the xls tool simply reports a summary of the results obtained in section 12 illustrated above, including the calculation of the cost of saved energy as illustrated on section 11 above

14. MB indicators

The following indicators should be input by the company with the support of the energy auditor before and after the investment



- Energetic cost / product
- tep/ product
- kWh / product
- Smc / product
- Comfort level

15. Additional information

This last section leaves room for comments on the following:

- Additional benefits (indicate additional qualitative/non energy benefits, if any)
- Notes
- Critical issues
- Related Annexes
- Planned monitoring plan:

2.5. Multiple Benefits (MB)

Sheet "04.MB" consists in a list of MBs/MBs associated with the energy efficiency investment (rows 13 to 35). The sheet should be selected completing columns F,G, H and I by selecting which MB is generated by the analyzed energy efficiency investments, assigning a level of importance (column F allows a selection between none, low, medium, high) and by the input Yes or No in columns F, G, and H to determine if the Multiple benefit has an impact on Costs, Value Proposition or risk.

The infographic and the color coding supports the compilation of the information required in the sheet "MBs" are reported in Figure 4 below:



	Please select the MBs you find relevant for the intervention/project analysed, assigning them a rate of importance and stating if they have an impact on cost, value proposition and risk.										
Compile columns E, F, G, H following these instructions: IMPORTANCE: assign a level of importance to the benefit from the drop down menu (none, Low, medium, high), if selected (please refer to D3.6 for more instructions) Compile columns E, F, G, H following these instructions: COSTS: choose YES if the selected benefit has an impact on reduction of company's value proposition (see Business Model Canvas) RISKS: choose YES if the selected benefit has an impact on reduction of company's risks.											
	04. MBs										
					TION, WHEN NO	OUANTITA		ON IS POSSIBILE			
				QUALITATIVE EVALOF		Im	pact of the ber	nefit on:			
	DOMAIN	BENEFIT TYPE	INDICATOR	Description	Importance	Costs	Value proposition:	Risks			
		1. Improved product/ service efficiency	Energy cost per unit of product/ service	energy cost per piece of producion							
Value Proposition	2. Introduction of new products/ services	N° of new 'green' products/ services			yes						
		3. Development or innovations	Total R&D expenses for 'energy efficiency' initiatives				yes				

Figure 4: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: MBs

2.6. MBs quantification

Sheet "05.MB Quantifications" contains in column B information that is automatically filled in taking the information from sheet "03.Economic Analysis" regarding the MBs associated with the analyzed energy efficiency investment cells H84, H96, K854, K96, N84, N96 and leaves room in columns C and D for a short and a more detailed description. An example is reported in Figure 5 below.

05. MBs Quantification							
	Shot description	Description					
Other	Cooling of un-cooled workplace	Using heat pump lead to the possibility of cooling workplace, now exercised with local unefficient cooling chillers and fans; 40.000 € is the price of actual energy consumption of local machines used					
7. Reduced carbon footprint	Electrification	Using electricity, produced by photovoltaic mainly, instead of natural gas lead to a reduced GHG emissions; this lead to a reduced cost for offsetting emissions; 28.000 Smc * 1,93 tCO2*1000Smc * 15 /tCO2					

Figure 5: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: MBs Quantification



3. The DEESME investments analysis tool to analyse investments according to the Multiple benefits approach- case study analysis of energy efficiency investment for an Italian SME

The paragraphs below illustrate the investment analysis tool completed for the specific case of the installation of an energy efficient heat pump for winter and summer conditioning in an Italian SME that produces and prints flexible, integral and rigid polyurethanes.

The company analyzed is an Italian SME that produces and prints flexible, integral and rigid polyurethanes, with 7 different polyurethane formulations in order to satisfy the needs of each customer. The company operates in the international market selling its products in 60 countries with a market that touches 5 continents and dedicates skills and resources to the creation of the innovation it prefers: as they stated during the interview "the one that has not yet been invented".

After 65 years in the market, the company is now engaged in the printing of polyurethane products with over 200 employees and a production of approximately 500,000 pieces sold every year.

3.1. Investment analysis according to the MB approach tool: Case Study - cover page

As explained in chapter 2 above the Cover sheet of the xls tool shows the company details and the investment analyzed, in the specific case the installation of an energy efficient heat pump for winter and summer conditioning.

Figure 6, reported below, represents the cover of the spreadsheet completed with the results of the case study analyzed.



Investments analysis according to the Multiple Benefit approach										
		DEESME National schemes for energy efficient	Ley in SM	Es						
Company F.lli Rossetto S.r.l.										
Investment Heat Pump for winte	r&summe	r conditioning								
Main economic results without	MBe	Mainee	onomi	c tegulte with MRs						
Investment	100 000	E Investment	ononn							
Pay Back time	6	years Pay Back tin	ne	2 years						
IRR	0	% IRR		1 %						
NPV	20.494	€ NPV		334.460 €						
NPV/Investment	0,20	- NPV/Invest	ment	3 -						
Cost of Saved Energy	1.980	Cost of Save	d Energy	1./92 €/ tep						
Multiple Benefits (MBs) and ex	spected a	innual saving								
MB1 Other	40.000	€/year								
MB2 7. Reduced carbon footp	1 660	€/year								
MB5 0 MB4 0	0	C/year								
MB5 0	0	€/year								
MB6 0	0	€/year								
	Costs Risks									
Impacts on costs	Check	Impacts on value proposition	Check	Impacts on risks	Check					
1. Improved product/service efficiency	0	1. Improved product/service efficiency	0	1. Improved product/service efficiency	0					
2. Introduction of new products/services	yes	2. Introduction of new products/services	0	2. Introduction of new products/services	0					
Development or innovations Increased productivity	0	Development or innovations Increased productivity	yes	Development or innovations Increased productivity	0					
5. Increased utilization	0	5. Increased utilization	0	5. Increased utilization	0					
6. Improved maintenance	0	6. Improved maintenance	0	6. Improved maintenance	0					
7. Reduced carbon footprint	0	7. Reduced carbon footprint	0	7. Reduced carbon footprint	0					
8. Improved quality	0	8. Improved quality	0	8. Improved quality	0					
10. reduced energy consumption	0	10. reduced energy consumption	0	10. reduced energy consumption	0					
11. Improved raw materials consumption	0	11. Improved raw materials consumption	0	11. Improved raw materials consumption	0					
12. Increased recycling	0	12. Increased recycling	0	12. Increased recycling	0					
13. Reduced waste	0	13. Reduced waste	0	13. Reduced waste	0					
15. Acquisition of 'green' customers	0	15. Acquisition of 'green' customers	0	14. increased employee satisfaction 15. Acquisition of 'green' customers	0					
16. Acquisition of new customers	0	16. Acquisition of new customers	0	16. Acquisition of new customers	0					
17. Increased customer satisfaction	0	17. Increased customer satisfaction	0	17. Increased customer satisfaction	0					
18. Increased customer loyalty	0	18. Increased customer loyalty	0	18. Increased customer loyalty	0					
19. Improved supply chain relationships	0	19. Improved supply chain relationships	0	19. Improved supply chain relationships	0					
21 Reduced litigation risks	0	21. Reduced litigation risks	0	21. Reduced litigation risks	0					
21. Heddeed helgddoff ffsks	0				-					

Figure 6: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Case Study - Cover

DEESME D3.6 - Investments analysis according to the Multiple Benefits approach



3.2. Investment analysis according to the MB approach tool: Case Study -Introduction

The Introduction sheet part requires the compilation of the company contact details and the details of the person completing the xls tool (auditor), the title of the company representative supporting the completion of the information, the type of investment analyzed and the date of analysis tool compilation. Moreover, the energy efficiency investments incentives details (if available) and the last one leaves room for additional notes if necessary. Figure 7 below reports the completed Case Study Introduction sheet.

Company and investment information							
Company NAME	F.lli Rossetto S.r.l.						
Company Address	Via Castellana 64/A - 35010 Trebaseleghe (PD)						
Name of the person filling the questionnaire	Roberto Galvanelli						
Title of the person filling the questionnaire	Eng EGE						
Type of energy efficiency investment	Heat Pump for winter&summer conditioning						
Date of investment analysis tool compilation	18/02/23						
	Incentives (if applicable)						
Туре	Amount (in %)						
"Conto Termico"	35% - 35.000 €						
	Notes						

Figure 7: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Case Study - Introduction

3.3. Investment analysis according to the MB approach tool: Case Study -

Specifications

The Specifications sheet of the xls tool requires the implementation of the technical data of the energy efficiency investments analyzed, for example the nominal power in the case of the investment in an energy efficient heat pump. Figure 8 below reports the specifications for the Case Study.



Technical data 🖉	Value 💌	Notes
Heat Pump nominal power	2x 174 kW	Heating power @45/7°C
Heat Pump nominal power	2x 50 kW	Electrical power
SCOP @55°C	2,83	SCOP

Figure 8: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Case Study - Specifications

3.1. Investment analysis according to the MB approach tool: Case Study -

Economic Analysis

The Economic Analysis sheet of the xls tool represents the core of the tool and requires the implementation of data regarding the company production, energy consumption, costs centers involved, investment costs, energy consumption before and after the investment, incentives available (if any), etc...

The sheet is divided in 15 parts, main results of the Case Study are reported in the figures below that report screenshots of the completed case study elaborated for the Italian SME.

As the screenshots were too large to fit one page only part of the results is reported in the figures below. More detailed information can be found in the xls tool.



National schemes for energy efficiency in SMEs



Figure 9: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Economic Analysis part 1-4



National schemes for energy efficiency in SMEs

3.5	Energy carriers and other costs and incentives (indicate current costs of energy vectors, other costs and incentives and their expected annual variation (positive or negative) in percentage)										
	Current costs	Electr.	0,35 €/kWh	Gas	1,45 €/Sm3						
	Annual variation (expected % variation in enery carriers costs)		+3,00% %		+3,00% %						
3.6	Energy carriers savings (indicate expected annual consumption before and after the investment for each energy vector - specific consumption is calculated automatically)										
	Energy carrier		Electric Energy		Natural gas						
			0 kWb		22 800 Sm3						
	Annual consumption after (estimate)		65 000 kWb		0 Sm3						
	Specific consumption before		0.00 kWb/HT		8 25 Sm3/HT						
	Specific consumption after		23 52 kWh/HT		0.00 Sm3/HT						
	Specific consumption Difference		-23.52 kWh/HT		8,25 Sm3/HT						
	Saving		-65,000 kWh		22.800 Sm3/year						
	Saving		#DIV/01 %		100.0% %						
	Saving		-12.2 toe/year		18.7 toe/year						
	Saving		-22.750 €/year		33.060 €/year						
	Indicate annual expenditure before and after the investment for up to 6 be Non energy benefit > select	MB1	Iculated automatically Other	MB2	7. Reduced carbon footprint						
	description		Cooling of un-cooled workplace		Electrification						
	Annual expenditure before (quantification of MB)		40.000 €		660 €						
	Annual expenditure after (quantification of MB)		0 €		0 €						
	MB indicator before		14 €/HT		0 €/HT						
	MB indicator after		0 €/HT		0 €/HT						
	MB indicator difference		14 €/HT		0 €/HT						
	Saving		40.000€		660€						
	Saving		100,0% %		100,0% %						
	Multiple benefit > select	MB4		MB5							
	description		0		0						
	Annual expanditure before (quantification of MP)		E		6						
	Annual expenditure after (quantification of MB)		E C		e e						
	Specific expenditure before		0.6/HT		0 £/HT						
	Specific expenditure after		0.6/HT		0 €/HT						
	Considia sum and iture Difference		0 0/11		5 €/11						
	Specific expenditure Difference		0 €/HT		0 €/HT						

Figure 10: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Economic Analysis part 5-7

EXPENDITURE - insert value with negative sign - insert composition of the investment - each row is a specific cost (material, design, etc.) and must be inserted for the number of years it will be supposed to occur 3.8

	YEAR								
Voce	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
2x heat pumps	-€ 60.00)							
Distribution	-€ 8.00)							
Hydraulic installation	-€ 10.00)							
Trasport	-€ 5.00)							
Waste disposal	-€ 2.00)							
Design	-€ 10.00)							
Extra costs	-€ 5.00)							
Total	-€ 100.00)€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€

Total e 100.000 e e e e e e e e e Figure 11: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Economic Analysis part 8



3.9 Revenues - detailed economic resuts are reported here

						YEAR				
	Voce	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	;
	Electric Energy saving		-€ 22.750	-€ 23.433	-€ 24.135	-€ 24.860	-€ 25.605	-€ 26.373	-€ 27.165	-€
	Natural gas saving		€ 33.060	€ 34.052	€ 35.073	€ 36.126	€ 37.209	€ 38.326	€ 39.475	€
	Other carrier saving		€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€
MB1	Cooling of un-cooled workplace		€ 40.000	€ 40.000	€ 40.000	€ 40.000	€ 40.000	€ 40.000	€ 40.000	€
MB2	Electrification		€ 660	€ 660	€ 660	€ 660	€ 660	€ 660	€ 660	€
MB3	0		€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€
MB4	0		€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€
MB5	0		€ -	¢ -	€ -	C -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€
MB6	0		€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€ -	€
er revenue 1	"Conto Termico"		€ 7.000	€ 7.000	€ 7.000	€ 7.000	€ 7.000			
er revenue 2										
er revenue 3										
	Total	€ -	€ 57.970	€ 58.279	€ 58.598	€ 58.926	€ 59.264	€ 52.612	€ 52.971	€
			-							

3.10 Cash Flow - detailed economic results WITHOUT MBs are shown here

									Year							
Voce		0		1	2		3		4		5		6		7	
Total revenues	€	-	€	17.310	€ 17.619	€	£ 17.938	€	18.266	€	18.604	€	11.952	€	12.311	€
Total expenditure	-€	100.000	€	-	€ -	€	£ -	€	-	€	-	€	-	€	-	€
Cash flow	-€	100.000	€	17.310	€ 17.619	€	E 17.938	€	18.266	€	18.604	€	11.952	€	12.311	€
Cumulative cash flow	-€	100.000	-€	82.690	-€ 65.071	-€	£ 47.133	-€	28.867	-€	10.263	€	1.689	€	14.000	€
Discounted cash flow	-€	100.000	€	16.486	€ 15.981	€	£ 15.495	€	15.027	€	14.577	€	8.919	€	8.749	€
Discounted cumulative cash flow	-€	100.000	-€	83.514	-€ 67.533	-€	£ 52.038	-€	37.010	-€	22.433	-€	13.515	-€	4.766	€
Interest rate		5,00	%]											

interest late	3,0070		
Investment cost	€ 100.000,00	IRR	9%
Payback Period	5,9	NPV	€ 20.494,05
Discounted Payback Period	8,3	NPV/I	0,205





 3.11
 Economic analysis results - summarized economic results WITHOUT MBs are reported here

 Investment
 100.000 (€)

 Pay Back time
 5,86 (years)

 IRR
 9% %

 NPV
 20.494 (€)

 NPV/Investment
 0,205 |

 Cost of Saved Energy
 1.980 (€/tep)

 3.12
 Cash Flow - detailed economic results WITH MBs are shown here
 Year

 Voce
 0
 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7

								Tear								
Voce		0		1	2		3	4		5		6		7		8
Total revenues	€		€	57.970	€ 58.279	€	58.598	€ 58.926	€	59.264	€	52.612	€	52.971	€	
Total expenditure	-€	100.000	€	-	€ -	€	-	€ -	€	-	€	-	€	-	€	
Cash flow	-€	100.000	€	57.970	€ 58.279	€	58.598	€ 58.926	€	59.264	€	52.612	€	52.971	€	
Cumulative cash flow	-€	100.000	-€	42.030	€ 16.249	€	74.847	€ 133.773	€	193.037	€	245.650	€	298.620	€	3
Discounted cash flow	-€	100.000	€	55.210	€ 52.861	€	50.619	€ 48.479	€	46.435	€	39.260	€	37.645	€	
Discounted cumulative cash flow	-€	100.000	-€	44.790	€ 8.071	€	58.690	€ 107.168	€	153.603	€	192.863	€	230.509	€	2
Interest rate		3,00	1%]											





Figure 12: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Economic Analysis part 10-12

			[
3.13	Economic analysis results - summarized economic results WITH	H MBs are reported here							
	Investment Pay Back time IRR NFV NPV/Investment Cost of Saved Energy			Investme	100.000 € 1,72 years 57% % 334.460 € 3,345 - 1.792 €/tep ent life 10 years				
3.14	MB indicators								
	Benefit Improved product/service efficiency Reduced arabon foodprint Reduced energy consumption Reduced energy consumption Increased employee satisfaction	Indicator Energetic cost / product tecp / product kWh / product Smc / product Confort level			Indicator before 1,17 €/pc 1,529 tep/1.000pcs 5,104 ₩/pc 0,651 Smc/pc 6 1 to 10	Indicator after 1,156 [4/pc 1,516 [tep/1.000pcs 5,117 [kWh/pc 0,646] Smc/pc 8 1 to 10	-0,014 -0,013 0,013 -0,005 2	Delta €/pc tep/1.000pcs kWh/pc Smc/pc 1 to 10	-1,2% -0,9% 0,3% -0,8% 33,3%
3.15	Additional information								
	Additional benefits (indicate additional qualitative/non energy	benefits, if any)							
	Notes								
	Critical issues								
	Related Annexes								
	Planned monitoring plan								

Figure 13: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: Economic Analysis part 13-15

3.2. Investment analysis according to the MB approach tool: Case Study -Multiple Benefits



An example of the information required in the sheet "MB" is reported in Figure 14 below which is part of the whole table which can be found in the xls spreadsheet.

			QUALITATIVE EVALUA	TION, WHEN NO	QUANTITAT	IVE EVALUATIO	ON IS POSSIBILE
					Imp	oact of the ben	nefit on:
DOMAIN	BENEFIT TYPE	INDICATOR	Description	Importance	Costs	Value proposition:	Risks
	1. Improved product/ service efficiency	Energy cost per unit of product/ service	energy cost per piece of producion				
Value Proposition	2. Introduction of new products/ services	N° of new 'green' products/ services			yes		
	3. Development or innovations	Total R&D expenses for 'energy efficiency' initiatives				yes	
	4. Increased productivity	Value of output items/ Value of input items					yes
	5. Increased utilization	Capacity utilization					
Australia	6. Improved maintenance	Maintenance Unit Cost					
Activites	7. Reduced carbon footprint	Total GHG emissions per year					
	8. Improved quality	Right First Time					

Figure 14: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: MB

3.3. Investment analysis according to the MB approach tool: Case Study - MBs Quantification

The MB quantification sheet contains a simple description of the Multiple Benefits of the analyzed investments. The sheet reports the MB analyzed in the sheet "Economic Analysis" and requires to report a brief description. An example is reported in Figure 15 below.



	Shot description	Description
7. Reduced carbon footprint	Cooling of un-cooled workplace	Using heat pump lead to the possibility of cooling workplace, now exercised with local unefficient cooling chillers and fans; 40.000 € is the price of actual energy consumption of local machines used
17. Increased customer satisfaction	Electrification	Using electricity, produced by photovoltaic mainly, instead of natural gas lead to a reduced GHG emissions; this lead to a reduced cost for offsetting emissions; 28.000 Smc * 1,93 tCO2*1000Smc * 15 /tCO2
0		
0		
0		
0		

Figure 15: Investment analysis tool according to the MB approach: MBs Quantification



4. Conclusions

The calculation tool developed in the framework of DEESME WP3, and illustrated in this document allows to analyze Energy efficiency investments including the associated Multiple Benefits (MBs). This is an important tool as normally MBs are not included in investment evaluations, due to a general lack of data, methodology and skills.

The tool, which consists in an xls file containing a cover sheet and 5 input sheets, allows to give a good feedback to companies on the economic return of their energy efficiency investments and the associated MBs.

It is important to underline that the calculation tool allows to give a quantitative value to some MBs. Other are only described in a qualitative way.

One of the main purposes of this tool is to increase the uptake of energy efficiency investment.

The Multiple Benefits approach calculation tool implementation is well aligned with the needs of working with indicators and benchmarks.

It is important to underline that some of the MBs are relevant for other company purposes like the calculation of the carbon footprint or other information needed to complete economic social and environmental sustainability assessments that are increasingly requested to comply with new EU regulations.



Annex 1: Investments analysis according to the MB approach: examples in pilot countries

The figures below report the cover page of the xls tool developed for energy efficiency investments analysis according to the MB approach showing a few examples of the results of the investments analysis carried out by PPs in the 4 pilot countries Italy, Bulgaria, Germany, and Poland. (The information for Poland will be updated.)



Investment analysis examples according to the MB approach tool – Italy

Investme	ents analys	is according to the M	Iultiple Ber	nefit approach	
		DEESN National schemes for energy	IE efficiency in SM	Es	
Company F.lli Rossetto S.r.l.					
Investment Heat Pump for wir	iter&summe	r conditioning			
Main economic results witho	ut MBs	Mai	n economi	c results with MBs	
Investment	100.000	€ Inves	tment	100.000 €	
Pay Back time	6	years Pay B	lack time	2 years	
IRR	0	% IRR		1 %	
NPV	20.494	• NPV	Investment	334.460 €	
Cost of Saved Energy	1.980	€/tep Cost of	of Saved Energy	1.792 €/tep	
Multiple Benefits (MBs) and	expected a	nnual saving			
MB1 Other	40.000	€/vear			
MB2 7. Reduced carbon for	otpi 660	€/year			
MB3 0	. 0	€/year			
<u>MB4</u> 0	0	€/year			
MB5 0	0	€/year			
MB6 0	0	€/year			
		Value proposition Costs	sks		
Impacts on costs	Check	Impacts on value proposition	Check	Impacts on risks	Check
1. Improved product/service efficiency	0	1. Improved product/service efficie	ency O	1. Improved product/service efficiency	0
2. Introduction of new products/ services	yes	2. Introduction of new products/s	ervices 0	2. Introduction of new products/services	0
4. Increased productivity	0	4. Increased productivity	yes 0	4. Increased productivity	ves
5. Increased utilization	0	5. Increased utilization	0	5. Increased utilization	0
6. Improved maintenance	0	6. Improved maintenance	0	6. Improved maintenance	0
7. Reduced carbon footprint	0	7. Reduced carbon footprint	0	7. Reduced carbon footprint	0
8. Improved quality	0	8. Improved quality	0	8. Improved quality	0
10. reduced energy consumption	0	10. reduced energy consumption	0	10. reduced energy consumption	0
11. Improved raw materials consumption	0	11. Improved raw materials consum	nption 0	11. Improved raw materials consumption	0
12. Increased recycling	0	12. Increased recycling	0	12. Increased recycling	0
13. Reduced waste	0	13. Reduced waste	0	13. Reduced waste	0
14. Increased employee satisfaction	0	14. Increased employee satisfaction	n 0	14. Increased employee satisfaction	0
15. Acquisition of green customers	0	15. Acquisition of green customer	5 0	15. Acquisition of green customers	0
17. Increased customer satisfaction	0	17. Increased customer satisfaction	n 0	17. Increased customer satisfaction	0
18. Increased customer loyalty	0	18. Increased customer loyalty	0	18. Increased customer loyalty	0
19. Improved supply chain relationships	0	19. Improved supply chain relation:	ships 0	19. Improved supply chain relationships	0
20. Improved stakeholder relationships	0	20. Improved stakeholder relations	hips 0	20. Improved stakeholder relationships	0
21. Reduced litigation risks	0	21. Reduced litigation risks	0	21. Reduced litigation risks	0

 22. Increased regulatory compliance
 0
 22. Increased regulatory compliance
 0
 22. Increased regulatory compliance

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 – Investments analysis according to the Multiple Benefits approach
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 22. Increased regulatory compliance
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Investment	s analysi	s according to the Multij	ole Be	nefit approach	
		DEESME National schemes for energy efficient	Č ney in SM	Es	
Company Conceria La Veneta					
Investment Thermal plant revampi	ng				
Main economic results without	t MBs	Main ec	onom	ic results with MBs	
Investment	510.000	€ Investment		510.000 €	
Pay Back time	5	years Pay Back tin	ne	2 years	
IRR	0	% IRR		0 %	
NPV	440.224	€ NPV		1.480.908 €	
NPV/Investment	0,86	- NPV/Inves	tment	3 -	
Cost of Saved Energy	277	€/tep Cost of Save	d Energ	7 277 €/tep	
Multiple Benefits (MBs) and e	xpected	annual saving			
MB1 6. Improved maintenance	15.000	€/year			
MB2 11. Improved raw materia	6.000	€/year			
MB3 11. Improved raw materia	1.000	€/year			
MB4 7. Reduced carbon footp	100.000	€/year			
MB5 0	0	€/year			
		Value proposition Costs Risks			
Impacts on soste	Chock	Impacts on value proposition	Chock	Imposts on vicks	Chock
1. Improved product/service efficiency	0	1. Improved product/service efficiency	O	1. Improved product/service efficiency	0
2. Introduction of new products/ services	0	2. Introduction of new products/ services	0	2. Introduction of new products/ services	0
3. Development or innovations	0	3. Development or innovations	0	3. Development or innovations	0
4. Increased productivity	0	4. Increased productivity	0	4. Increased productivity	0
5. Increased utilization	0	5. Increased utilization	0	5. Increased utilization	0
5. Improved maintenance	0	6. Improved maintenance	0	6. Improved maintenance	0
8. Improved quality	0	8. Improved guality	0	8. Improved guality	0
9. Improved Safety	0	9. Improved Safety	0	9. Improved Safety	0
10. reduced energy consumption	0	10. reduced energy consumption	0	10. reduced energy consumption	0
11. Improved raw materials consumption	0	11. Improved raw materials consumption	0	11. Improved raw materials consumption	0
12. Increased recycling	0	12. Increased recycling	0	12. Increased recycling	0
13. Reduced waste	0	13. Reduced waste	0	13. Reduced waste	0
14. Increased employee satisfaction	0	14. Increased employee satisfaction	0	14. Increased employee satisfaction	0
15. Acquisition of revenuetomers	0	15. Acquisition of prevent customers	0	15. Acquisition of "green' customers	0
17 Increased customer satisfaction	0	17 Increased customer satisfaction	0	17 Increased customer satisfaction	0
18. Increased customer lovalty	0	18. Increased customer lovalty	0	18. Increased customer lovalty	0
19. Improved supply chain relationships	0	19. Improved supply chain relationships	0	19. Improved supply chain relationships	0
20. Improved stakeholder relationships	0	20. Improved stakeholder relationships	0	20. Improved stakeholder relationships	0
21. Reduced litigation risks	0	21. Reduced litigation risks	0	21. Reduced litigation risks	0
22 Increased regulatory compliance	0	22. Increased regulatory compliance	0	22. Increased regulatory compliance	0

DEESME D3.6 – Investments analysis according to the Multiple Benefits approach



Investment analysis examples according to the MB approach tool - Bulgaria







22. Increased regulatory compliance

0

22. Increased regulatory compliance

0

22. Increased regulatory compliance

0





Investmen	ts analysi	is according to the Multip	le Be	nefit approach	
		DEESME National schemes for energy efficience	cy in SM	Es	
Investment Replacement of the ol	d "conventio	onal" modular line for spectacle ler	nses wit	h the new FF modular line	
Main economic results withou	ıt MBs	Main eco	onomi	c results with MBs	
Investment	569.215	€ Investment		569.215 €	
Pay Back time	> 10	years Pay Back tim	ne	2 years	
IRR	0	% IRR		1 %	
NPV	-327.888	€ NPV		2.265.503 €	
NPV/Investment	-0,58	- NPV/Invest	ment	4 -	
Cost of Saved Energy	4.307	tep Cost of Saved	1 Energ	4.307 €/tep	
Multiple Benefits (MB) and ex	spected a	innual saving			
NEB1 6. Improved maintenan	c 304.024	€/year			
NEB2 4. Increased productivi	ty U	t/year f/waar			
NEB3 0	0	€/year €/vear			
NEB5 0	0	C/year			
NEB6 0	0	€/year			
		Value proposition Costs Risks			
Impacts on costs	Check	Impacts on value proposition	Check	Impacts on risks	Check
1. Improved product/service efficiency	yes	1. Improved product/service efficiency	yes	1. Improved product/service efficiency	yes
2. Introduction of new products/ services	0	2. Introduction of new products/ services	0	2. Introduction of new products/ services	0
4. Increased productivity	ves	4. Increased productivity	ves	4. Increased productivity	ves
5. Increased utilization	yes	5. Increased utilization	yes	5. Increased utilization	yes
6. Improved maintenance	yes	6. Improved maintenance	yes	6. Improved maintenance	yes
7. Reduced carbon footprint	no	7. Reduced carbon footprint	no	7. Reduced carbon footprint	yes
8. Improved quality	yes	8. Improved quality	yes	8. Improved quality	0
9. Improved Safety	yes	9. Improved Safety	yes	9. Improved Safety	yes
11. Improved raw materials consumption	yes	11. Improved raw materials consumption	ves	11. Improved raw materials consumption	ves
12. Increased recycling	ves	12. Increased recycling	no	12. Increased recycling	ves
13. Reduced waste	yes	13. Reduced waste	yes	13. Reduced waste	yes
14. Increased employee satisfaction	0	14. Increased employee satisfaction	0	14. Increased employee satisfaction	0
15. Acquisition of 'green' customers	0	15. Acquisition of 'green' customers	0	15. Acquisition of 'green' customers	0
16. Acquisition of new customers	yes	16. Acquisition of new customers	yes	16. Acquisition of new customers	yes
17. Increased customer satisfaction	yes	17. Increased customer satisfaction	yes	17. Increased customer satisfaction	
18. Increased customer loyalty	0	18 Increased clistomer lovalty	0	18. Increased customer lovalty	yes
13. Improved supply chain relationships		10. Improved cumply shall relations to		10 Improved examply shall relation at 1	yes 0
20. Improved stakeholder relationships	yes	19. Improved supply chain relationships	yes	19. Improved supply chain relationships	yes 0 yes
20. Improved stakeholder relationships	yes 0	19. Improved supply chain relationships 20. Improved stakeholder relationships 11. Reduced litigation risks	yes 0	19. Improved supply chain relationships 20. Improved stakeholder relationships 21. Reduced litigation risks	yes 0 yes 0
20. Improved stakeholder relationships 21. Reduced litigation risks 22. Increased regulatory compliance	yes 0 0	19. Improved supply chain relationships 19. Improved stakeholder relationships 1. Reduced litigation risks 22. Increased regulatory compliance	yes 0 0	19. Improved supply chain relationships 20. Improved stakeholder relationships 21. Reduced litigation risks 22. Increased regulatory compliance	yes 0 yes 0 0

DEESME D3.6 - Investments analysis according to the Multiple Benefits approach



Investment analysis examples according to the MB approach tool - Germany



	s analys ⁱ	is according to the Multi	ple Be	enefit approach	
		DEESME National schemes for energy efficient	ncy in SM	Es	
Company Airportsquash Investment Improvement of CHP					
Main economic results without	t MRs	Main ec	onom	ic results with MBs	
Investment	50.000	€ Investment	Shom	50.000 €	
Pay Back time	> 10	years Pay Back tir	ne	2 years	
IRR	0	% IRR		0 %	
NPV	-25.950	€ NPV		128.485 €	
NPV/Investment	-0,52	- NPV/Invest	ment d Eporor	3 -	
Non Energy	#DIV/0:		d Energy	#DIV/0: C/Tep	
Non Energy benefits (MD) an	a expec	ted annual saving			
NEBI /. Reduced carbon lootpr NEB2 17. Increased customer st	20.000	€/year €/year			
NEB3 0	0	€/year			
NEB4 0	0	€/year			
NEB5 0	0	€/year			
NEB6 0	0	€/year			
		Value proposition Costs Risks			
Imparts on costs	Check	Value proposition Costs Risks	Check	Impacts on risks	Check
impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency	Check 0	Value proposition Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition 1. Improved product/ service efficiency	Check 0	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency	Check 0
impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services	Check 0 yes	Value proposition Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new product/services	Check 0 0	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services	Check 0 0
Impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations	Check 0 yes 0	Value proposition Costs Risks Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations	Check 0 0 yes	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations	Check 0 0
Impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity	Check 0 yes 0	Value proposition Costs Risks Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity	Check 0 0 yes 0	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity	Check 0 0 0 yes
Impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance	Check 0 yes 0 0 0	Value proposition Costs Risks Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition 1. Improved product/ services 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 5. Increased utilization	Check 0 0 yes 0 0	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Impressed meintence for	Check 0 0 0 yes 0
Impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 2. Beduced carbon fronting	Check 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 0	Value proposition Costs Risks Costs Risks Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition 1. Improved product/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Bediured cathon focturing	Check 0 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 0	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Bedured cachen foctight	Check 0 0 yes 0 0 0
Impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality	Check 0 yes 0 0 0 0 0	Value proposition Costs Risks Costs Risks Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition I. Improved product/ service efficiency I. Introduction of new products/ services Development or innovations I. Increased productivity S. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality	Check 0 0 yes 0 0 0 0 0 0	Impacts on fisks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality	Check 0 0 9 9 9 0 0 0 0 0
impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved Safety	Check 0 yes 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Value proposition Costs Risks Costs Risks Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition I. Improved product/ service efficiency I. Introduction of new products/ services Development or innovations I. Increased productivity S. Increased utilization I. Improved utilization Reduced carbon footprint Removed Safety	Check 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved guality 9. Improved Safety	Check 0 0 0 yes 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved duilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality 9. Improved Safety 10. reduced energy consumption	Check 0 yes 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Value proposition Costs Risks Costs Risks Costs Risks Costs Risks Impacts on value proposition I. Improved product/ service efficiency I. Introduction of new products/ services Development or innovations I. Increased productivity S. Increased productivity S. Increased productivity S. Increased utilization G. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality 9. Improved Safety 10. reduced energy consumption	Check 0 0 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality 9. Improved Safety 10. reduced energy consumption	Check 0 0 0 9 9 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Impacts on costs 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality 9. Improved Safety 10. reduced energy consumption 11. Improved raw materials consumption	Check 0 yes 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Impacts on value proposition 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased productivity 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality 9. Improved Safety 10. reduced energy consumption 11. Improved raw materials consumption	Check 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Impacts on risks 1. Improved product/ service efficiency 2. Introduction of new products/ services 3. Development or innovations 4. Increased productivity 5. Increased productivity 5. Increased utilization 6. Improved maintenance 7. Reduced carbon footprint 8. Improved quality 9. Improved Safety 10. reduced energy consumption 11. Improved raw materials consumption	Check 0 0 0 0 9 9 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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