Slovenia





Legal documents in Slovenia

Article 16 of the Act on Energy Efficiency (Uradni list RS, št. 158/20) and Regulation on energy audits (Pravilnik o metodologiji za izdelavo in vsebini energetskega pregleda (Uradni list RS, št. 41/16 in 158/20 – ZURE)) obliges large companies to carry out energy audits every four years and to report it to the Energy Agency. This provision transposes the requirement of Article 8 of the Energy Efficiency Directive (EED) 2012/27 and 2018/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council into national law.



Involved actors in Slovenia

The Energy Agency (https://www.agen-rs.si/domov) takes care of the implementation of audits and their quality. In accordance with the second paragraph of Article 16 of the Act on Energy Efficiency, a large company must report to the Agency on the performed energy audit. The responsible authority for analysing the obligation mechanism is the legislator, not the Agency.

Ensuring compliance and ensuring the quality of the audits. Ensuring that all obligated companies carry out an audit and that audits are of high quality. Relevance to the new EED	 Use non-energy benefits (NEBs) and other added values of audits as motivation. Refine minimum quality requirements for auditors. Encourage/ oblige auditors to link suggested measures to funding programmes and best practise examples. 	 Key Recommendation #01: Overcome the information barrier by the creation of a central information hub at national or regional level depending on the EU MS specific characteristics Key Recommendation #03: Create a set of structured guidelines to clarify the relationships between energy obligations – or NON obligations – and sustainability Resource #01: Integration of Multiple Benefits in Companies' Business Model Resource #02: Calculation of cost benefit analysis with integrated multiple benefits (available on request) Resource #03: Communication campaign plan and report
Challenge	Identified solution strategies	Key actors recommendations and resources from the project
Creation of support mechanisms. SMEs are often not aware of the benefits that energy efficiency can have for them.	 Implement an ongoing long-term financial support system. Create effective indicators for evaluating implemented projects. 	 Key Recommendation #01: Overcome the information barrier by the creation of a central information hub at national or regional level depending on the EU MS specific characteristics Key Recommendation #05: Benchmarking approach Resource #03: Report on audits and EMS implementation with MB approach Resource #04: Training documents
Relevance to the new EED HIGH		

Identified solution strategies

Challenge

Key actors recommendations

and resources from the project

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DEESME 2050 is a continuation of the DEESME project and develops energy efficiency projects in SMEs for European 2050 targets, in the furniture sector.



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Contact

Coordinator - Ivana Rogulj from IEECP: <u>ivana@ieecp.org</u>

